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## प्रश्न-पुस्तिका / QUESTION BOOKLET

Roll No.

Question Booklet Sr. No.

06564

# Subject: PHARMACEUTICAL SCIENCE

Paper Code: 02

पुस्तिका में पृष्ठों की संख्या : 8

Number of Pages in Booklet: 8

पुस्तिका में प्रश्नों की संख्या: 100

Number of Questions in Booklet: 100

समय / Time : 2.00 घंटे / Hours

पूर्णांक / Maximum Marks : 100

#### **INSTRUCTIONS**

1. Answer all questions.

All questions carry equal marks.

3. Only one answer is to be given for each question.

4. If more than one answers are marked, it would be treated as wrong answer.

5. Each question has four alternative responses marked serially as A, B, C, D. You have to darken only one rectangle indicating the correct answer on the OMR Answer Sheet using BLUE/BLACK BALL POINT PEN. OMR Answer Sheet has been kept inside the Question Booklet.

6. 1/3 part of the mark(s) of each question will be deducted for each wrong answer. (A wrong answer means an incorrect answer or more than one answers for any question. Leaving all the relevant rectangles of any question blank will not be considered as wrong answer.)

7. Mobile Phone or any other electronic gadget in the examination hall is strictly prohibited. A candidate found with any of such objectionable material with him/her will be strictly dealt as per rules.

8. If there is any sort of ambiguity/mistake either of printing or factual nature, then out of Hindi and English Version of the question, the English Version will be treated as standard.

Warning: If a candidate is found copying or if any unauthorised material is found in his/her possession, F.I.R. would be lodged against him/her in the Police Station and he/she

would be liable to be prosecuted under Section 3 of the R.P.E. (Prevention of Unfair Means) Act,

1992.

### निर्देश

- 1. सभी प्रश्नों के उत्तर दीजिए ।
- 2. सभी प्रश्नों के अंक समान हैं।
- 3. प्रत्येक प्रश्न का केवल एक ही उत्तर दीजिए ।
- 4. एक से अधिक उत्तर देने की दशा में प्रश्न के उत्तर को गलत माना जाएगा ।
- 5. प्रत्येक प्रश्न के चार वैकल्पिक उत्तर दिये गये हैं, जिन्हें क्रमशः A, B, C, D अंकित किया गया है । अभ्यर्थी को सही उत्तर निर्दिष्ट करते हुए उनमें से केवल एक आयताकार खाने को OMR उत्तर-पत्रक पर नीले/काले बॉल प्वाइंट पेन से गहरा करना है । OMR उत्तर-पत्रक इस प्रश्न-पुस्तिका के अंदर रखा हुआ है ।
- 6. प्रत्येक गलत उत्तर के लिए प्रश्न अंक का 1/3 भाग काटा जायेगा । (गलत उत्तर से तात्पर्य अशुद्ध उत्तर अथवा किसी भी प्रश्न के एक से अधिक उत्तर से है । किसी भी प्रश्न से संबंधित सभी आयताकार खानों को खाली छोड़ना गलत उत्तर नहीं माना जायेगा ।)
- 7. मोबाईल फोन अथवा इलेक्ट्रोनिक यंत्र का परीक्षा हॉल में प्रयोग पूर्णतया वर्जित है। यदि किसी अभ्यर्थी के पास ऐसी कोई वर्जित सामग्री मिलती है तो उसके विरुद्ध आयोग द्वारा नियमानुसार कार्यवाही की जाएगी।
- 8. यदि किसी प्रश्न में किसी प्रकार की कोई मुद्रण या तथ्यात्मक प्रकार की त्रुटि हो तो प्रश्न के हिन्दी तथा अंग्रेजी रूपान्तरों में से अंग्रेजी रूपान्तर मान्य होगा ।

चेतावनी: अगर कोई अभ्यर्थी नकल करते पकड़ा जाता है या उसके पास से कोई अनिधकृत सामग्री पाई जाती है, उस अभ्यर्थी के विरुद्ध पुलिस में प्राथमिकी दर्ज कराई जायेगी और आर.पी.ई. (अनुचित साधनों की रोकथाम) अधिनियम, 1992 की धारा 3 के तहत कार्यवाही की जायेगी।



ι.	Strontium chloride is used as (A) Dentrifrice	8.	The source of IR for scanning is called
	(B) Desensitizing agent		(A) Nitrogen glower .
	(C) Polishing agent		(B) Nernst glower
	(D) Mouth wash		(C) Xenon arc
			(D) Helium glower
2.	Mercuric chloride paper is used in		
	the limit tests of	9.	The most intense peak in mass
	(A) Heavy metals (B) Arsenic (C) Iron (D) Lead		spectroscopy is known as  (A) Base peak
	(C) non (D) Lead		(B) Molecular peak
2	Karl-Fisher reagent is a mixture of		(C) Fragment peak
•	(A) Sulphurdioxide + Pyridine +		(D) Metastable peak
	Anhydrous methanol + Bromine		
	(B) Sulphurdioxide + Pyridine +	10.	Primary alkyl halide prefers to
	Ethanol + Bromine		undergo type reaction.
	Sulphurdioxide + Pyridine +		(A) SN1
	Anhydrous methanol + Iodine		(B) E1
	(D) Sulphurdioxide + Pyridine +		(C) SN2
	Ethanol + Iodine		(D) None of the above
	T	11	A II
1.	Lamotrigine is used as	11.	Alkenes prefers to undergo  (A) Elimination reaction
	(A) Sedative (B) Antipsychotic		(B) Substitution reaction
	(C) Antiamoebic		(C) Electrophilic addition reaction
	(D) Anticonvulsant		(D) Nucleophilic addition reaction
5.	The most sensitive method for	12.	Enantiomers
	detection of elements by atomic		(A) have different physical properties
	spectral method is		(B) have different chemical properties
	(A) flame atomic emission	*	reacts differently with optically
	(B) inductively coupled plasma		active materials (D) All
	emission (C) flame atomic fluorescence		(D) All
	(D) flame atomic absorption	13.	In proton NMR spectroscopy,
	in the second absorption	15.	aldehydic proton give signal around
5.	A mixture of HCl and Acetic acid		(A) 0.9 ppm (B) 2-3 ppm
	can be titrated satisfactorily by	= 1	(C) 9-10 ppm (D) 6-7 ppm
	(A) Amperometry		
	(B) Potentiometry	14.	Which of the following is a
	(e) Conductometry		cholesterol absorption inhibitor?
	(D) Spectrophotometry		(A) Atorvastatin
		1	(B) Ezetimibe
7.			(C) Fenofibrate
	treatment of burns.		(D) Nicotinic acid
	(A) Silversulfadiazine	1=	1. TTT7
	(B) Clotrimazole	15.	1
	<ul><li>(C) Sulphamethoxazole</li><li>(D) Pyrimethamine</li></ul>		(C) Zidovudine (D) Acyclovir
ę.	*	2	(C) Zidovudine (D) Acyclovir  Pharmaceutical Science
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16. 100 proof spirit alcohol corresponds	
Proof Spirit alcohol collespoiles	24. The number of ex officio members of
to in India.	PCI are
(A) $57.1\% \text{ w/v}$ (B) $50.1\% \text{ v/v}$	(A) 2 (B) 3
(C) $50 \% \text{ w/v}$ $\cancel{\text{D}} 57 \% \text{ v/v}$	(C) 4 (D) 5
17. is used as plasticizer in	
17 is used as plasticizer in coating.	25. Hyper vitaminosis D causes
	(A) Itching
(A) Polyethylene glycol	(B) Hyperuricemia
(B) Castor oil	(C) Nephrolithiasis
(C) Propylene glycol	(D) Hyperbilirubinemia
(D) All of the above	(=) Try per emir de memira
18. HLB range for o/w emulsifying agent is	26. LAL test is used
Total of Welling applied	(A) to determine the presence of
(A) $9-16$ (B) $21-40$ (C) $0-3$ (D) $5-10$	pyrogens
(C) $0-3$ (D) $5-10$	(B) to determine the amount of
19. Butylated hydroxy toluene (BHT) is	active ingredient
used as	(C) to determine the
(A) an antibacterial	(C) to determine the presence of
(B) a suspending agent	particulate matters
an antioxidant	(D) all of the above
(D) a coloring agent	27. One glucose molecule on complete
(-) a coloring agont	oxidation in anaerobic condition
20. One of the following is not used as a	yields
preservative:	
(A) Methyl hydroxy benzoate	
(B) Propyl hydroxy benzoate	(C) 12 ATP (D) 38 ATP
(C) Sorbitol	28. Liquor ammonia fortis is the
(D) Benzoic acid	synonym of
	(A) Dilute ammonia solution
21 is used for enteric coating.	(B) Strong ammonia solution
(A) Hypromellose	(C) Weak ammonia solution
(B) Methyl cellulose	(D) None of the above
(C) Sodium carboxymethyl cellulose	(b) Notice of the above
(b) Hydroxypropylmethyl	29. Which of the following drug is not
cellulose phthalate	ester derivative?
22. Mixer suitable for semi-solid	(A) Methyl salicylate
22. Mixer suitable for semi-solid materials is	(B) Procaine
	(C) Acetylcholine
(A) Planetary mixer	(C) Lignocaine
(B) Double cone mixture	
(C) Ribbon blender	30. Haloperidol belongs to the class of
(D) Octagonal blender	(A) Propendiol
23. Aromatic nitrile compound absorb IP	(B) Phenothiazine
marie compound auson in	(e) Butyrophenone
frequency at around	(D) Carbamate
(A) 2850-2950 cm <sup>-1</sup>	(-) caroanian
(B) 2210-2260 cm <sup>-1</sup>	31. Pyridoxine is
(C) 1640-1680 cm <sup>-1</sup>	(A) Vitamin A (B) Vitamin B <sub>2</sub>
(D) 3200-3600 cm <sup>-1</sup>	(C) Vitamin K (D) Vitamin B <sub>6</sub>
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32 causes pernicious anemia.  (A) Iron deficiency  (B) Absence of intrinsic factor  (C) Defect in the maturation of RBCs	39. In gas chromatography one of the following gases is not used as a carrier gas:  (A) Helium (C) Nitrogen (D) Hydrogen
(D) Abnormal hemoglobin  33. Which of the following is not a polyene antibiotic?  (A) Bacitracin (B) Candicidin (C) Nystatin (D) Amphotericin B	<ul> <li>40. Thiotepa belongs to class</li> <li>(A) Alkylating agents</li> <li>(B) Antibiotics</li> <li>(C) Plant products</li> <li>(D) Antimetabolites</li> <li>41. Collar of CO<sub>2</sub> gas cylinder is painted in</li> <li>(A) Yellow colour</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>Acetyl number is defined as <ul> <li>(A) No. of mg of KOH required to neutralize fatty acids in 1 g of fat.</li> <li>(B) No. of mg of KOH required to saponify 1 gm of fat.</li> <li>(C) No. of iodine absorbed by 100 gms of fat.</li> <li>(D) No. of mg of KOH required to neutralize acetic acid.</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	(B) Blue colour (C) Grey colour (D) Black colour  42. is synonym of precipitated chalk. (A) Calcium chloride (B) Calcium carbonate (C) Calcium acetate (D) Calcium gluconate
<ul> <li>35. RP-HPLC involves <ul> <li>(A) less polar mobile phase than stationary phase.</li> <li>(B) less polar stationary phase than mobile phase.</li> <li>(C) reverse osmosis.</li> <li>(D) forward osmosis.</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	43. Radioactive calcium used in the treatment of carcinoma of bone is  (A) Ca <sup>44</sup> (B) Ca <sup>45</sup> (C) Both (A) and (B)  (D) None of the above
36. Nitrous oxide gas is known as  (A) Noble gas  (B) Stimulating gas  (C) Tear gas  (D) Laughing gas	44. Cyanide poisoning is treated by  (A) Dimercaprol  (B) Sodium nitrite  (C) Calcium Disodium Edetate  (D) Copper sulphate
is amino alkyl ether  antihistaminic.  (A) Mepyramine  (B) Pheniramine  (C) Promethazine  (D) Diphenhydramine	45. Vitali-Morin's test is used for identification of  (A) Indole alkaloids  (B) Quinoline alkaloids  (C) Tropane alkaloids  (D) Quinazoline alkaloids
38. Aminohippuric acid is used to test  (A) Liver function  (B) Kidney function  (C) Blood volume  (D) Secretory function of the	46. In Coriander, the volatile oil is present in  (A) Vittae  (B) Glandular trichomes  (C) Schizolysigenous glands  (D) Resin ducts
stomach **	4 Pharmaceutical Science

47. Cinchona bark is also known as	is used as a titrant in the assay
<ul> <li>(A) Vachnag</li> <li>(B) Cassia bark</li> <li>(C) Arjuna bark</li> <li>(D) Jesuits' bark</li> </ul>	of NH <sub>4</sub> Cl by Volhard's method.  (A) Ferric ammonium sulphate  (B) Potassium chromate  (C) Ammonium thiocyanate  (D) None of the above
48 contains brucine as an active constituent.  (A) Belladonna (B) Tulsi (C) Guggal Nux vomica  49. Which of the following is not spread by mosquito?  (A) Filaria QB Q fever	57. The elements having same atomic number but different atomic weight or mass are known as  (A) Isotopes (B) Isomers (C) Polymorphs
(C) Dengue (D) Yellow fever  50. Insulin activates enzyme.  (A) Adenylate cyclase  (B) Tyrosine kinase  (C) Guanylate cyclase  (D) Phospholipase	(D) None of the above  58. Thyroxine molecule contain number of iodine atoms.  (A) 5 (B) 1  (C) 4 (D) 3
<ul> <li>51. Sublingual route is a better for delivery of glyceryl trinitrate</li> <li>(A) for targeted delivery.</li> <li>(B) for rapid onset of action.</li> <li>(C) to reduce metabolism.</li> <li>(D) for extensive half life.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>59. 700 bed hospital can be grouped into <ul> <li>(A) Large Hospital</li> <li>(B) Medium Hospital</li> <li>(C) Small Hospital</li> <li>(D) Very small Hospital</li> </ul> </li> <li>60. Which of the following is not used as</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>MESNA is used to treat side effect of</li> <li>(A) Cyclophosphamide</li> <li>(B) Doxorubicin</li> <li>(C) Irinotectan</li> <li>(D) Tamoxifen</li> </ul>	a co-solvent for parentral products?  (A) Dimethylacetamide  (B) Ethyl alcohol  (C) Propylene glycol  (D) Methyl alcohol
<ul> <li>53. In schizophrenia there is</li> <li>(A) increase in noadrenaline and 5HT level</li> <li>(B) decrease in dopamine level</li> <li>(C) increase in dopamine level</li> <li>(D) increase in GABA level</li> </ul>	causes hyponaturemia.  (A) Addison's disease  (B) Nerve damage  (C) Excessive Na salt retention  (D) Cushing's syndrome
<ul> <li>Nikethamide acts as a</li> <li>(A) Anxiolytic</li> <li>(B) CNS depressant</li> <li>(C) CNS stimulant</li> <li>(D) Antipsychotic agent</li> </ul>	62. D-penicillamine can be given as antidote for poisoning.  (A) Pb (B) Mg  (C) Cu (D) All of above
55. Zeolite is a class of  (A) Aluminium hydroxide  (B) Aluminium oxide  (C) Aluminium silicate  (D) Aluminium carbonate	63. Form number is used for application of repacking of drugs other than schedule C/C1 & X.  (A) 24 (B) 24-A  (C) 24-B (D) 24-D
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64.	is hydroxyl group containing amino acid.  (A) Arginine (B) Isoleucine  (C) Threonine (D) Alanine	73. Heterocyclic ring present in cyanocobalamine is  (A) Pyrrole (B) Imidazole (C) Pyrazole (D) Oxazole
66.	Which form of the Vitamin A is used in the visual cycle?  (A) Retinyl acetate (B) Retinaldehyde (C) Retinaic acid (D) Retinol  Pethidine is a derivative of (A) Piperidine (B) Piperazine (C) Pyridine (D) Pyrolidine  is having action on both central nervous system and cardio vascular system.  (A) Gokhru fruits (B) Black catechu (C) Nuxvomica seeds	is used as vulcanizing agent in rubber.  (A) CaCO <sub>3</sub> (B) S  (C) ZnO (D) Neon  75. Glass containers should comply with the (A) Mechanical strength (B) Hydrolytic resistance (C) Leakage test (D) None  76. Moh's Scale indicates  (A) Hardness (B) Stickiness (C) Flexibility (D) Correctness
68.	(D) Rauwolfia roots  Phenobarbitone is a (A) Short acting barbiturate (B) Intermediate acting barbiturate (C) Ultra short acting barbiturate (D) Long acting barbiturate	77. Dissolution rate of drug can be determined by  (A) Stock's Law equation  (B) Danckwert's equation  (C) Noyes & Whitney equation  (D) Henderson – Hassel batch equation
69.	Drug causes enzyme induction is  (A) Phenytoin (B) Cimetidine (C) Metronidazole (D) Chloramphenicol	78. 1 tablespoonful = ml.  (A) 10 (B) 25  (C) 20 (D) 15  79 % w/v solution of sodium chloride is isotonic with blood.
70.	When digoxin given in combination with cimetidine?  (A) Metabolism of digoxin is enhanced.  (B) No effect in digoxin metabolism.  (C) Metabolism of digoxin is inhibited.  (D) Cimetidine metabolism enhanced.	(A) 1.2 (B) 0.9 (C) 0.7 (D) 1.4  80. is main side effect of ACE inhibitors. (A) Dry cough (B) Swelling in ankle (C) Renal failure (D) Hypotension
.71.	List of drugs that should be sold by retail only against prescription of RMP is covered under  (A) Sch. H  (B) Sch. X  (C) Sch. M  (D) Sch. O	<ul> <li>81. Which of the following is Class-I antiarrythmic agent?</li> <li>(A) Propranolol (B) Verapamil</li> <li>(C) Quinidine (D) Digitalis</li> <li>82. A patient whose leg is amputated and</li> </ul>
72.	Morphine is a drug of choice for (A) Urinary Tract Infection (B) Bronchial asthma (C) Cardiac arrest (D) Colic pain	still experiences pain in toes is called (A) Phantom pain (B) Neuralgic pain (C) False pain (D) Referred pain
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<ul> <li>83. Interval between each cell division is known as</li> <li>(A) G<sub>1</sub> phase (B) M phase</li> <li>(C) G<sub>0</sub> phase (D) S phase</li> <li>84. Drug contraindicated in asthma is</li> </ul>	92. Glycerine suppositories containing 92 % glycerine are solidified by the use of
(A) Theophyline (B) Atropine (C) Alprenolol (D) Salbutamol  85. Which of the followings antacid is causing constipation?  (A) Aluminium hydroxide (B) Magnesium carbonate (C) Magnesium hydroxide (D) Sodium bicarbonate	<ul> <li>93. The Pharmacy Council of India is reconstituted every years. <ul> <li>(A) 10 years</li> <li>(B) 5 years</li> <li>(C) 2 years</li> <li>(D) 3 years</li> </ul> </li> <li>94. District opium officer appoints one cultivator as</li></ul>
86. Chemical test which involve dehydration of sugar is  (A) Benedict's test  (B) Seliwanoff test (C) Iodine test (D) Hey sulphur test	(B) Executive commissioner (C) Narcotic commissioner (D) Lambardar  95 is programmed cell death. (A) Apoptosis (B) Mitosis (C) Miosis (D) Necrosis
<ul> <li>87. Which drug has two chiral carbon? <ul> <li>(A) Adrenaline</li> <li>(B) Noradrenaline</li> <li>(C) Isoprenaline</li> <li>(D) Ephedrine</li> </ul> </li> <li>88 diuretic is acidifying agent.</li> <li>(A) Mannitol</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>96. Which one of the following is a genetically determined adverse drug reaction?</li> <li>(A) Addiction</li> <li>(B) Idiosyncrasy</li> <li>(C) Carcinogenicity</li> <li>(D) Teratogenicity</li> </ul>
(B) Ethacrinic acid (C) Ammonium chloride (D) Amiloride  89 is anthranilic acid derivative. (A) Mefenamic acid (B) Diclofenac	97. Organophosphorous poisoning can be counteracted by  (A) Naloxore (B) Pethidine  (C) Pralidoxime (D) Charcoal  98 is used to detect flavonoids.
(C) Diflunisal (D) Ibuprofen  90. Cetrimide is type of surface active agent. (A) Neutral (B) Anionic (C) Cationic	(A) Van-urk's test (B) Shinoda test (C) Salkowski's test (D) Baljet's test  99. The full form of LSD is (A) Lysergic acid diethylamine
(D) None of the above  91. Tween 20 is a (A) Deflocculant (B) Hydrophillic surfactant (C) Lipophillic surfactant (D) None of the above	(B) Lysergic acid diethylketone (C) Lysergic acid diethylamide (D) None of the above  100 is known as meadow saffron. (A) Punarnava (B) Turmeric (C) Hyoscyamus (D) Colchicum
Pharmaceutical Science	7 🗘

### INSTRUCTIONS FOR FILLING OMR ANSWER SHEET OMR उत्तर-पत्रक भरने के लिये निर्देश

- 1. For writing in the boxes and filling the rectangles, use **Blue/Black Ball Point Pen** only. बॉक्स में लिखने व आयताकार खानों को गहरा करने के लिये मात्र **नीले/काले बॉल प्वाइंट पेन** का प्रयोग करें।
- 2. In columns relating to your roll number and question booklet serial number, first write in the boxes and then darken the rectangles below.

अपना रोल नंबर, प्रश्न पुस्तिका क्रम संख्या पहले संबंधित कॉलम के बॉक्स में लिखें और तब उसके नीचे दिये गये आयताकार खानों को गहरा करें ।

The Candidate will write his/her name at the place provided for on the Answer Sheet. उत्तर-पत्रक पर निर्दिष्ट स्थान पर अभ्यर्थी अपना नाम लिखें ।

- 3. To answer, fill the rectangles with Blue or Black Ball-Point Pen. उत्तर देने के लिये नीले या काले बॉल पाईंट पेन से आयताकार खानों को गहरा करें।
- 4. Do not make any stray marks on this Answer Sheet. इस उत्तर-पत्रक पर कोई अवांछित चिह्न न लगायें ।
- 5. The Answer Sheet is a Carbonless Sheet. So, you have to put pressure on the pen while filling up the rectangles.

  उत्तर-पत्रक कार्बनलैस शीट है, अत: आपको आयताकार खानों को गहरा करते समय पेन पर दबाव देना है।
- 6. Evaluation of this Answer Sheet will be done on the Computer. Handle Answer Sheet with care and do not fold.

  उत्तर-पत्रक का मूल्यांकन कम्प्यूटर द्वारा किया जायेगा । उत्तर-पत्रक को अच्छी तरह संभाले व मोड़े नहीं ।
- 7. If you have, by mistake, filled any answer wrongly and want to change it, then you have no option to change it. So it is advisable to fill the rectangles very carefully otherwise your answer will be treated as wrong.

  यदि आपने ग्लती से कोई प्रश्न गलत भर दिया है और इसे बदलना चाहते हैं, तो आपके पास इसे बदलने का कोई विकल्प नहीं है । अतः यह बांछनीय है कि आयताकार खाने ध्यानपूर्वक भरें अन्यथा आपका उत्तर गलत माना जायेगा ।
- 8. The method to fill the Answer Sheet: उत्तर-पत्रक भरने का तरीका:

Correct Method सही तरीका		[ B ]	[ c ]	[ D]
Wrong Method गलत तरीका	[A]	[X]	[•]	